

# OBJECTIVES

- To test the hypothesis that valproic acid sodium salt, diclofenac sodium salt, ketoprofen, PFOS, PFOA and PFNA would be incorporated into the  $\alpha$ -ketoacid dehydrogenase complex (PDC-E2) in vitro.
- To test if there is an effect of the concentration of chemicals and incorporation into PDC-E2 in vitro.

# INTRODUCTION

- Primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) is an auto-immune liver disease triggered by lipoic acid-mimicking xenobiotics, leading to production of high titer of antimitochondrial autoantibodies recognising E2 subunit of pyruvate dehydrogenase (PDC-E2). (1)
- PDC-E2 enzyme, found within the inner mitochondrial matrix, has an Nterminal domain consisting of lipoic acid that forms an antigen (2).
- Due to environmental exposure, genetically susceptible patients develop autoimmunity, i.e. their immune system loses self-tolerance, thus fails to recognise self-molecules, which can lead to cellular injury (3).
- Previous studies have demonstrated that loss of tolerance to PDC-E2 is caused by xenobiotic modification of native lipoic acid.



# METHODS

### Table 1. Composition of samples used in Western Blotting

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Tube	Chemical	Volume of PDC-E2-ILD (μl)	4mM ATP+GTP (μl)	LAE/LT (µl)	20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5) buffer (μl)
А	none	2.5	0	0	47
В	none	2.5	0.5	0	46.5
С	none	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
D	lipoic acid	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
E	BMI	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
F	M8O	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
G	PFDA	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
Н	PFNA	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
1	diclofenac	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
J	valproic acid	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
К	ketoprofen	2.5	0.5	1	45.5
L	PFOS	2.5	0.5	1	45.5

0.5µl of the chemical was introduced in each tube to make up to 50µl reaction mixture. Abbreviations: PDC-E2, dihydrolipoamide acetyl-transferase; ILD, inner lipoyl domain; LAE, lipoate activating enzyme; LT, lipoyl-AMP(GMP):N-lysine lipoyl transferase





- A-C lanes: negative control; visible upper (unlipoylated) band; no or minimal lipoylation of PDC-E2.
- D lane: positive control; presence of a lower (lipoylated) band
- E-F lanes: presence of lipoylated band indicating minimal incorporation
- G lane: unlipoylated PDC-E2
- H lane: a visible shift in a band compared with negative control indicating lipoylation

- L lane: a visible shift in a band compared with negative control indicating full lipoylation



- It was found that only PFNA and PFOS were incorporated into the PDC-E2-ILD complex.
- Further experiments indicated that concentrations of 10mM, 100mM and 0.5M of PFNA were sufficient for incorporation.
- 2/3 negative controls showed minimal lipoylation due to recombinant proteins LAE, LT and PDC-E2-ILD having passenger *E. Coli* lipoylation enzymes.
- Further methods, such as Mass spectrometry is needed to validate the PDC-E2-ILD reaction products.

# Do carboxylic acid-like substances cause Iver injury and an auto-immune liver

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# RESULTS

### **Figure 3. Xenobiotic incorporation into PDC-E2 complex**

- I lane: upper band demonstrating no lipoylation of PDC-E2 complex
- J-K lanes: unlipoylated band is thicker than a lipoylated band

# CONCLUSION



- lipoylation of PDC-E2.
- D lane: positive control; presence of a lower (lipoylated) band
- A1-B1 lanes: no lipoylation of PDC-E2
- C1 lane: a visible lower band indicating lipoylation
- D1-F1 lanes: a visible shift in a band indicating full lipoylation

## REFERENCES

- 2.



### Table 2. Concentrations of the chemicals used in gel electrophoresis (see Figure 4)

	Chemical	Concentration			
	PFOS	8mM			
	PFOS	80mM			
	PFOS	0.4M			
	PFNA	10mM			
	PFNA	100mM			
	PFNA	0.5M			

### Figure 4. Effect of concentrations on xenobiotic incorporation into PDC-E2 complex

• A-C lanes: negative control; visible upper (unlipoylated) band; no or minimal

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